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PATIENT TIPS

Jardiance (empagliflozin) tablets

GETTING STARTED WITH JARDIANCE TO TREAT YOUR HEART FAILURE

Let's learn about JARDIANCE and how it can help you

What is JARDIANCE?

JARDIANCE is a prescription medicine used to:

- reduce the risk of cardiovascular death and hospitalization for heart failure in adults with heart failure, when the heart cannot pump enough blood to the rest of your body
- reduce the risk of further worsening of kidney disease, end-stage kidney disease (ESKD), death due to cardiovascular disease, and hospitalization in adults with chronic kidney disease
- reduce the risk of cardiovascular death in adults with type 2 diabetes who also have known cardiovascular disease
- lower blood sugar along with diet and exercise in adults and children who are 10 years of age and older with type 2 diabetes

JARDIANCE is not for use to lower blood sugar in people with type 1 diabetes. It may increase

their risk of diabetic ketoacidosis (increased ketones in the blood or urine).

JARDIANCE is not for use to lower blood sugar in people with type 2 diabetes who have severe kidney problems, because it may not work.

JARDIANCE is not for people with polycystic kidney disease, or who are taking or have recently received certain types of immunosuppressive therapy to treat kidney disease. JARDIANCE is not expected to work if you have these conditions.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Do not take JARDIANCE if you are allergic to empagliflozin or any of the ingredients in JARDIANCE. Symptoms of a serious allergic reaction may include:

- rash
- raised, red areas on your skin (hives)

 swelling of your face, lips, mouth, and throat that may cause difficulty in breathing or swallowing
 If you have any of these symptoms, stop taking
 JARDIANCE and call your healthcare provider right away or go to the nearest hospital emergency room.

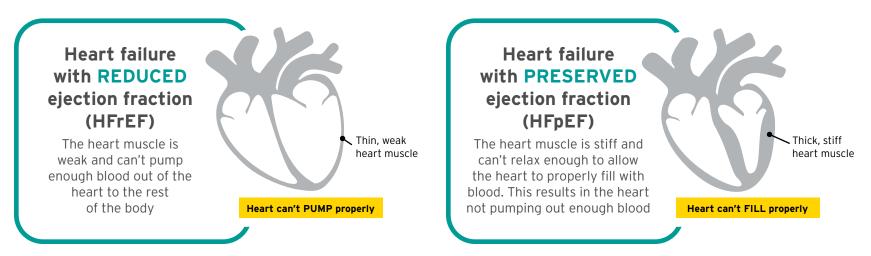
WHAT IS HEART FAILURE?

You have been diagnosed with heart failure, meaning your heart has a hard time pumping out enough blood to the rest of the body.



TIPS

There are 2 common types of heart failure



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

JARDIANCE can cause serious side effects, including:

 Diabetic ketoacidosis (incraeased ketones in your blood or urine) in people with type 1 and other ketoacidosis. JARDIANCE can cause ketoacidosis that can be life-threatening and may lead to death. Ketoacidosis is a serious condition which needs to be treated in a hospital. People with type 1 diabetes have a high risk of getting ketoacidosis. People with type

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 13-16, and accompanying Prescribing Information, including Medication Guide. 2 diabetes or pancreas problems also have an increased risk of getting ketoacidosis. Ketoacidosis can also happen in people who are sick, cannot eat or drink as usual, skip meals, and are on a diet high in fat and low in carbohydrates (ketogenic diet), take less than the usual amount of insulin or miss insulin doses, drink too much alcohol, have a loss of too much fluid from the body (volume depletion), or who have surgery.

ETTING	HEART	JARDIANCE	DOSING	PATIENT	CAREGIVER	FINANCIAL
TARTED	FAILURE			TIPS	TIPS	SUPPORT
WHAT I	S JARDIAN	ICE?		J	ardiance	®
				-	(empagliflozi	
JARDIAN	CE is:				(cmpagimozi	10 mg
• A type of drug c	alled an SGLT2 inhibitor (S	GLT2i)				5
 Used to reduce t the body 	he risk of cardiovascular d	eath and hospitalization for I	heart failure in adults with	heart failure, when the hea	art cannot pump enough bl	ood to the rest of
• JARDIANCE is n	ot recommended for use to	o improve glycemic control in	patients with type 1 diabet	es mellitus. It may increas	e their risk of diabetic keto	acidosis.
	ot recommended for use to this setting based upon its	o improve glycemic control in mechanism of action.	patients with type 2 diabe	tes mellitus with an eGFR	<30 mL/min/1.73 m². JARDI	ANCE is likely to
		eatment of chronic kidney di / or greater than 45 mg of pr				
• To be used with	other medications your pro	ovider may have prescribed f	or heart failure			
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The hist	ory of JARDIANC	E	More than 4 million pe	ople have been prescribed	JARDIANCE since 2014.	
	ench chemists isolate a		s with T2D: JARDIANCE is		s with heart failure: CE is approved to lower	
	ostance, called phlorizin, the bark of apple trees		l to lower blood sugar along and exercise		cardiovascular death and	

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

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Ketoacidosis can happen even if your blood sugar is less than 250 mg/dL. Your healthcare provider may ask you to periodically check ketones in your urine or blood. **Stop taking JARDIANCE and call your healthcare provider or get medical help right away if you get any of the following. If possible, check for ketones in your urine or blood, even if your blood sugar is less than 250 mg/dL:**

Researchers discover that phlorizin impacts

SGLT2, paving the way for future **diabetes**

and cardiovascular-disease treatments

nausea, vomiting, stomach-area (abdominal) pain, tiredness, trouble

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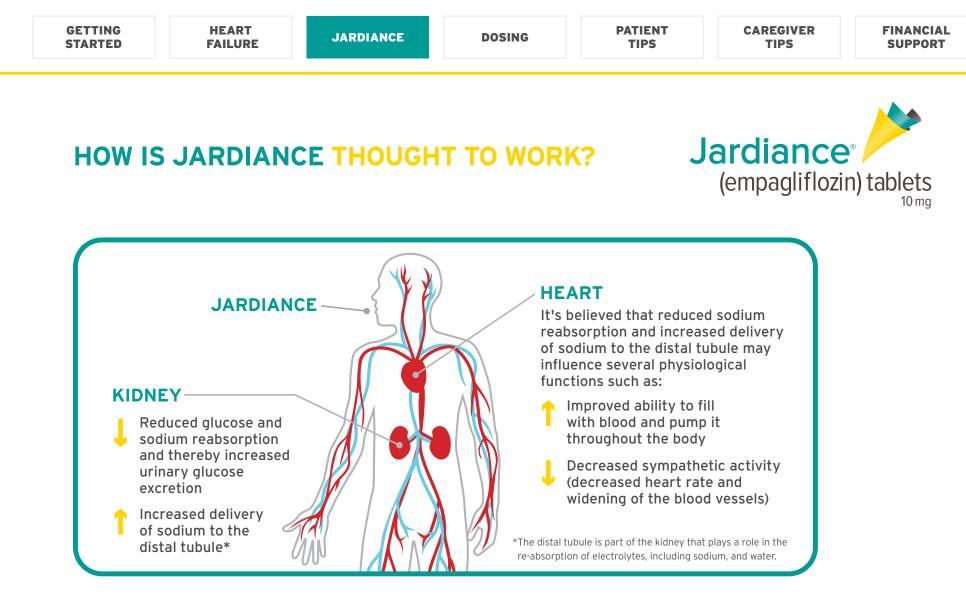
breathing, ketones in your urine or blood.

For adults with T2D and known cardiovascular

disease: JARDIANCE is approved to reduce the

risk of cardiovascular death

• Dehydration. JARDIANCE can cause some people to become dehydrated (the loss of body water and salt). Dehydration may cause you to feel dizzy, faint, light-headed, or weak, especially when you stand up. Sudden worsening of kidney function has happened in people who are taking JARDIANCE. You may be at a higher risk of dehydration if you: take

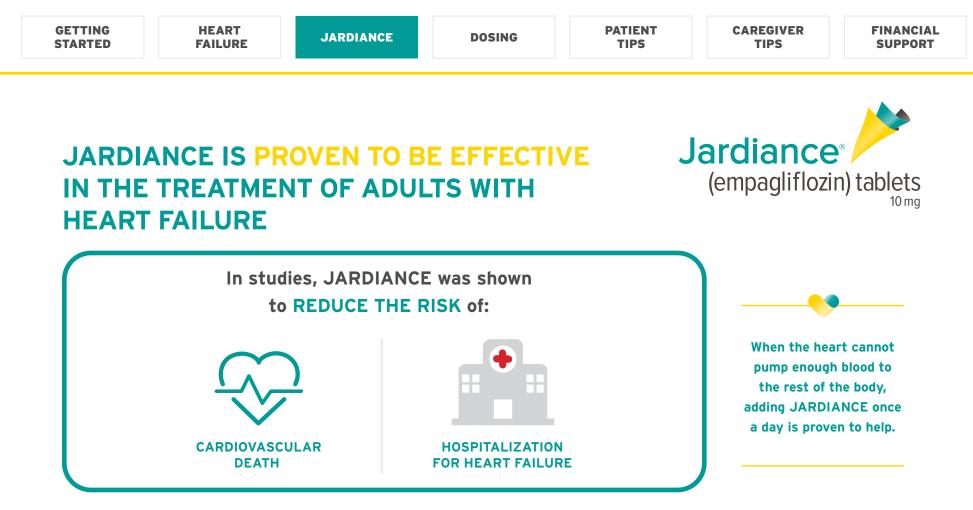


medicines to lower your blood pressure, including water pills (diuretics), are on a low salt diet, have kidney problems, or are 65 years of age or older. Talk to your healthcare provider about what you can do to prevent dehydration, including how much fluid you should drink on a daily basis. Call your healthcare provider right away if you reduce the amount of food or liquid

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you drink, if you are sick or cannot eat, or start to lose liquids from your body from vomiting, diarrhea, or being in the sun too long.

• **Vaginal yeast infection.** Talk to your healthcare provider if you have vaginal odor, white or yellowish vaginal discharge (discharge may be lumpy or look like cottage cheese), and/or vaginal itching.



- JARDIANCE is not recommended for use to improve glycemic control in patients with type 1 diabetes mellitus. It may increase their risk of diabetic ketoacidosis.
- JARDIANCE is not recommended for use to improve glycemic control in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus with an eGFR <30 mL/min/1.73 m². JARDIANCE is likely to be ineffective in this setting based upon its mechanism of action.
- JARDIANCE is not recommended for the treatment of chronic kidney disease in patients with polycystic kidney disease or patients requiring or with a recent history of intravenous immunosuppressive therapy or greater than 45 mg of prednisone or equivalent for kidney disease. JARDIANCE is not expected to be effective in these populations.

• Yeast infection of the skin around the penis. Swelling of an uncircumcised penis may develop that makes it difficult to pull back the skin around the tip of the penis. Talk to your healthcare provider if you have redness, itching or swelling of the penis, rash of the penis, foul smelling discharge from the penis, and/or pain in the skin around the penis.

Talk to your healthcare provider about what to do if you get symptoms of a yeast infection of the vagina or penis. Your healthcare provider may suggest you use an over-the-counter antifungal medicine. Talk to your healthcare provider right away if you use an over-the-counter antifungal medication and your symptoms do not go away.

POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS OF JARDIANCE

Serious side effects

Serious side effects include:

- diabetic ketoacidosis (increased ketones in your blood or urine in people with type 1 and other ketoacidosis)
- dehydration (that can lead to sudden worsening of kidney function)
- vaginal yeast infections
- yeast infection of the skin around the penis
- serious urinary tract infections
- low blood sugar (hypoglycemia) when used with another medicine that can cause low blood sugar
- necrotizing fasciitis*
- Amputations. SGLT2 inhibitors may increase your risk of lower limb amputations.
- allergic reactions (hypersensitivity)
- *Necrotizing fasciitis is a rare but serious bacterial infection that causes damage to the tissue under the skin in the area between and around the anus and genitals (perineum).

Common side effects

The most common side effects are urinary tract infections and yeast infections.





Let your care team know if you experience these or any other side effects while taking JARDIANCE.

- JARDIANCE is not recommended for use to improve glycemic control in patients with type 1 diabetes mellitus. It may increase their risk of diabetic ketoacidosis.
- JARDIANCE is not recommended for use to improve glycemic control in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus with an eGFR <30 mL/min/1.73 m². JARDIANCE is likely to be ineffective in this setting based upon its mechanism of action.
- JARDIANCE is not recommended for the treatment of chronic kidney disease in patients with polycystic kidney disease or patients requiring or with a recent history of intravenous immunosuppressive therapy or greater than 45 mg of prednisone or equivalent for kidney disease. JARDIANCE is not expected to be effective in these populations.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

• **Serious urinary tract infections.** Serious urinary tract infections can occur in people taking JARDIANCE and may lead to hospitalization. Tell your healthcare provider if you have symptoms of a urinary tract infection, such

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 13-16, and accompanying <u>Prescribing Information</u>, including <u>Medication Guide</u>.

as a burning feeling when passing urine, a need to urinate often or right away, pain in the lower part of your stomach or pelvis, or blood in the urine. Sometimes people also may have a fever, back pain, nausea, or vomiting.

GETTING STARTED	HEART FAILURE	JARDIANCE	DOSING	PATIENT TIPS	CAREGIVER TIPS	FINANCIAL Support

LEADING HEART ORGANIZATIONS RECOMMEND SGLT2 INHIBITORS AS A TREATMENT OPTION FOR ADULTS WITH HEART FAILURE



An SGLT2i, such as JARDIANCE, is recommended to be used in the treatment of heart failure.

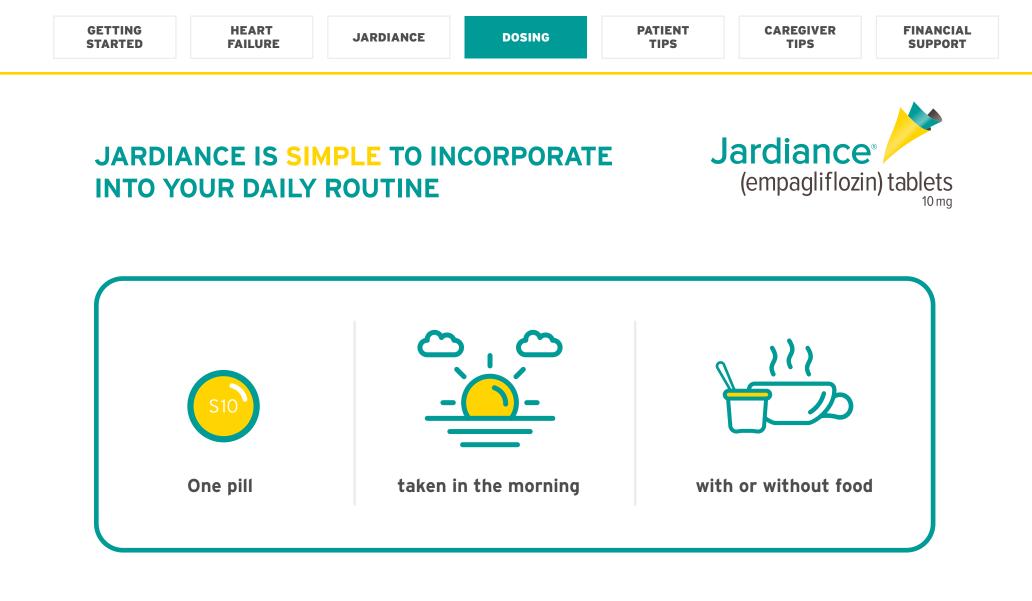


IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

• Low blood sugar (hypoglycemia). In adults, if you take JARDIANCE with another medicine that can cause low blood sugar, such as sulfonylurea or insulin, your risk of low blood sugar is higher. In children 10 years of age and older, the risk for low blood sugar is higher with JARDIANCE regardless of

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use with another medicine that can also lower blood sugar. The dose of your sulfonylurea or insulin may need to be lowered. Symptoms of low blood sugar may include headache, drowsiness, weakness, dizziness, confusion, irritability, hunger, fast heartbeat, sweating, shaking or feeling jittery.



 Necrotizing fasciitis. A rare but serious bacterial infection that causes damage to the tissue under the skin in the area between and around your anus and genitals (perineum). This bacterial infection has happened in people who take JARDIANCE, and may lead to hospitalization, multiple surgeries, and death. Seek medical attention immediately if you have a

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fever or are feeling very weak, tired or uncomfortable (malaise), and you develop any of the following symptoms in the area between and around your anus and genitals: pain or tenderness, swelling, and redness of skin (erythema).

GETTING Started	HEART FAILURE	JARDIANCE	DOSING	PATIENT TIPS	CAREGIVER TIPS	FINANCIAL SUPPORT
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TIPS FOR LIVING WITH AND MANAGING HEART FAILURE



Follow a heart-healthy diet

- Eat foods that are low in saturated fat, sodium, and added sugars
- Cut back on processed food
- Talk to your heart-failure provider about staying hydrated
 - Look for symptoms of dehydration like dark urine, headache, dizziness, and rapid heart rate

Get into the habit of doing physical activity every day

• Start with small steps and build up to big accomplishments

Stay on track by sticking with your treatment plan

- Take your medication(s) as directed; using apps like Medisafe can help
- Keep up with your heart-failure provider appointments

Treat sleep problems to get a good night's rest

- Try raising the head of the bed or using a wedge to sleep at an incline
- Talk to a sleep specialist about treatment for sleep apnea and for help with other sleep problems



Reach out for support to help deal with the ups and downs

- Other than family and friends, you can find support by visiting websites for groups such as:
- American Association of Heart Failure Nurses
- American College of Cardiology
- American Heart Association
- Mended Hearts
- WomenHeart

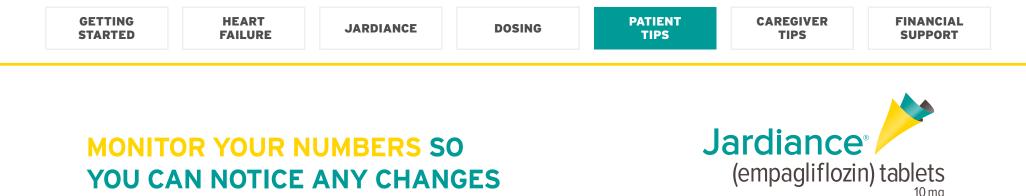
Remember to stay in touch with your healthcare team, particularly if you have any questions or concerns

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

• Amputations. SGLT2 inhibitors may increase your risk of lower limb amputations. You may be at a higher risk of lower limb amputation if you have a history of amputation; have had blocked or narrowed blood vessels, usually in your leg; have had diabetic

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<u>Click here</u> for additional support for JARDIANCE and heart failure, including instructions for downloading Medisafe.



Look out for signs your heart failure might be getting worse

- A dry, hacking cough
- Shortness of breath
- Swelling in your legs, ankles, or abdomen
- Feeling tired
- Loss of appetite
- Weight gain

Check your numbers

- Weigh yourself every morning before breakfast
 - If you gain more than 2 or 3 lbs in 24 hours, this may be a sign to talk to your heart-failure provider
- Check your blood pressure to see if you're at the safe level given to you by your heart-failure provider
- Monitor your heart rate
- · Manage anemia and iron deficiency if you have been diagnosed with it

You know your body. If your symptoms change or get worse, contact your heart-failure provider.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

foot infection, ulcers or sores. **Call your healthcare provider right away if** you have new pain or tenderness, any sores, ulcers, or infections in your leg or foot. Talk to your healthcare provider about proper foot care.

• Serious allergic reactions. If you have any symptoms of a serious allergic reaction, stop taking JARDIANCE and call your healthcare provider right away or go to the nearest hospital emergency room.

The most common side effects of JARDIANCE include urinary tract infections and yeast infections in females. These are not all the possible side effects of JARDIANCE. For more information, ask your healthcare

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 13-16, and accompanying <u>Prescribing Information</u>, including <u>Medication Guide</u>.

provider or pharmacist.

Before taking JARDIANCE, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you have type 1 diabetes or have had diabetic ketoacidosis, have a decrease in your insulin dose, have a serious infection, have a history of infection of the vagina or penis, have a history of amputation, or have kidney or liver problems. Also tell your healthcare provider if you have a history of urinary tract infections or problems with urination. Tell your healthcare provider if you are on a low sodium (salt) diet because your healthcare provider may change your diet or dose. Tell your

TIPS FOR THOSE CARING FOR SOMEONE WITH HEART FAILURE



CAREGIVER

TIPS

Being a caregiver is a big commitment of time and energy, but with a clear plan and good support, it can also be fulfilling. The American Association of Heart Failure Nurses suggests these simple "CARE HF" steps to take care of your own health.

Care for yourself: Eat a healthy diet and aim for 7-8 hours of sleep every night. It will allow you to be a better caregiver.



Activity: Go outside and walk for 30 minutes every day or at least several times per week. Fresh air can make you feel better, sleep better, and reduce stress.

Reclaim some time for yourself: Read a book or get a haircut – these can help you feel better.

Engage others: Look for family, friends, or neighbors to help you. Besides easing your burden, your loved one may appreciate the company.

Have pride: Be proud of what you are doing and the courage it takes to do it.

Find resources: Know where you can go to learn more about heart failure, caregiving, or both.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

healthcare provider if you are going to have surgery because your healthcare provider may stop JARDIANCE before you have surgery. Talk to your healthcare provider if you are having surgery about when to stop taking JARDIANCE and when to start it again. Also tell your healthcare provider if you are eating less or there is a change in your diet; are dehydrated; have or have had problems with your pancreas, including pancreatitis or surgery on your pancreas; drink alcohol very often, or drink a lot of alcohol in the short term

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 13-16, and accompanying <u>Prescribing Information</u>, including <u>Medication Guide</u>.

GETTING Started	HEART FAILURE	JARDIANCE	DOSING	PATIENT TIPS	CAREGIVER TIPS	FINANCIAL SUPPORT

FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR JARDIANCE IS AVAILABLE



The JARDIANCE Savings Card

Eligible patients can pay as little as \$10 a month* for a 1- to 3-month prescription

*For eligible patients with commercial insurance only. Medicare/Medicaid/cash-paying patients excluded from Savings Card enrollment. See full savings card <u>Terms & Conditions</u>.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

("binge" drinking); have ever had an allergic reaction to JARDIANCE; are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. JARDIANCE may harm your unborn baby. If you become pregnant while taking JARDIANCE, tell your healthcare provider as soon as possible. Tell your healthcare provider if you are breastfeeding or are planning to breastfeed. JARDIANCE may pass into your breast milk and may harm your baby. Do not breastfeed while taking JARDIANCE.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

PAY AS LITTLE AS \$10

(empagliflozin) tablets

Jardiance

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit <u>www.fda.gov/medwatch</u> or call <u>1-800-FDA-1088</u>.

For more information, please see Prescribing Information and Medication Guide.

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TIPS

What is JARDIANCE?

JARDIANCE is a prescription medicine used to:

- reduce the risk of cardiovascular death and hospitalization for heart failure in adults with heart failure, when the heart cannot pump enough blood to the rest of your body
- reduce the risk of further worsening of kidney disease, end-stage kidney disease (ESKD), death due to cardiovascular disease, and hospitalization in adults with chronic kidney disease
- reduce the risk of cardiovascular death in adults with type 2 diabetes who also have known cardiovascular disease
- lower blood sugar along with diet and exercise in adults and children who are 10 years of age and older with type 2 diabetes

JARDIANCE is not for use to lower blood sugar in people with type 1 diabetes. It may increase their risk of diabetic ketoacidosis (increased ketones in the blood or urine).

JARDIANCE is not for use to lower blood sugar in people with type 2 diabetes who have severe kidney problems, because it may not work.

JARDIANCE is not for people with polycystic kidney disease, or who are taking or have recently received certain types of immunosuppressive therapy to treat kidney disease. JARDIANCE is not expected to work if you have these conditions.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Do not take JARDIANCE if you are allergic to empagliflozin or any of the ingredients in JARDIANCE. Symptoms of a serious allergic reaction may include:

- rash
- raised, red areas on your skin (hives)
- swelling of your face, lips, mouth, and throat that may cause difficulty in breathing or swallowing

If you have any of these symptoms, stop taking JARDIANCE and call your healthcare provider right away or go to the nearest hospital emergency room.

JARDIANCE can cause serious side effects, including:

 Diabetic ketoacidosis (increased ketones in your blood or urine) in people with type 1 and other ketoacidosis. JARDIANCE can cause ketoacidosis that can be life-threatening and may lead to death. Ketoacidosis is a serious condition which needs to be treated in a hospital. People with type 1 diabetes have a high risk of getting ketoacidosis. People with type 2 diabetes or pancreas problems also have an increased risk of getting ketoacidosis. Ketoacidosis can also happen in people who are sick, cannot eat or drink as usual, skip meals, and are on a diet high in fat and low in carbohydrates (ketogenic diet), take less than the usual amount of insulin or miss insulin doses, drink too much alcohol, have a loss of too much fluid from the body (volume depletion), or who have surgery. Ketoacidosis can happen even if your blood sugar is less than 250 mg/dL. Your healthcare provider may ask you to periodically check ketones in your urine or blood. Stop taking JARDIANCE and call your healthcare provider or get medical help right away if you get any of the following. If possible, check for ketones in your urine or blood, even if your blood sugar is less than 250 mg/dL: nausea, vomiting, stomach-area (abdominal) pain, tiredness, trouble breathing, ketones in your urine or blood.

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 13-16, and accompanying Prescribing Information, including Medication Guide.



TIPS

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

- Dehvdration. JARDIANCE can cause some people to become dehydrated (the loss of body water and salt). Dehydration may cause you to feel dizzy, faint, light-headed, or weak, especially when you stand up. Sudden worsening of kidney function has happened in people who are taking JARDIANCE. You may be at a higher risk of dehydration if you: take medicines to lower your blood pressure, including water pills (diuretics), are on a low salt diet, have kidney problems, or are 65 years of age or older. Talk to your healthcare provider about what you can do to prevent dehydration, including how much fluid you should drink on a daily basis. Call your healthcare provider right away if you reduce the amount of food or liquid you drink, if you are sick or cannot eat, or start to lose liquids from your body from vomiting, diarrhea, or being in the sun too long.
- Vaginal yeast infection. Talk to your healthcare provider if you have vaginal odor, white or yellowish vaginal discharge (discharge may be lumpy or look like cottage cheese), and/or vaginal itching.
- Yeast infection of the skin around the penis. Swelling of an uncircumcised penis may develop that makes it difficult to pull back the skin around the tip of the penis. Talk to your healthcare provider if you have redness, itching or swelling of the penis, rash of the penis, foul smelling discharge from the penis, and/or pain in the skin around the penis.

Talk to your healthcare provider about what to do if you get symptoms of a yeast infection of the vagina or penis. Your healthcare provider may suggest you use an over-the-counter antifungal medicine. Talk to your healthcare provider right away if you use an over-the-counter antifungal medication and your symptoms do not do away.

• Serious urinary tract infections. Serious urinary tract infections can occur in people taking JARDIANCE and may lead to hospitalization. Tell your healthcare provider if you have symptoms of a urinary tract infection, such as a burning feeling when passing

urine, a need to urinate often or right away, pain in the lower part of your stomach or pelvis, or blood in the urine. Sometimes people also may have a fever, back pain, nausea, or vomiting.

- Low blood sugar (hypoglycemia). In adults, if you take JARDIANCE with another medicine that can cause low blood sugar, such as sulfonylurea or insulin, your risk of low blood sugar is higher. In children 10 years of age and older, the risk for low blood sugar is higher with JARDIANCE regardless of use with another medicine that can also lower blood sugar. The dose of your sulfonylurea or insulin may need to be lowered. Symptoms of low blood sugar may include headache, drowsiness, weakness, dizziness, confusion, irritability, hunger, fast heartbeat, sweating, shaking or feeling jittery.
- Necrotizing fasciitis. A rare but serious bacterial infection that causes damage to the tissue under the skin in the area between and around your anus and genitals (perineum). This bacterial infection has happened in people who take JARDIANCE, and may lead to hospitalization, multiple surgeries, and death. Seek medical attention immediately if you have a fever or are feeling very weak, tired or uncomfortable (malaise), and you develop any of the following symptoms in the area between and around your anus and genitals: pain or tenderness, swelling, and redness of skin (erythema).

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 13-16, and accompanying Prescribing Information, including Medication Guide.



- Amputations. SGLT2 inhibitors may increase your risk of lower limb amputations. You may be at a higher risk of lower limb amputation if you have a history of amputation; have had blocked or narrowed blood vessels, usually in your leg; have had diabetic foot infection, ulcers or sores. Call your healthcare provider right away if you have new pain or tenderness, any sores, ulcers, or infections in your leg or foot. Talk to your healthcare provider about proper foot care.
- **Serious allergic reactions.** If you have any symptoms of a serious allergic reaction stop taking JARDIANCE and call your healthcare provider right away or go to the nearest hospital emergency room.

The most common side effects of JARDIANCE include urinary tract infections and yeast infections in females. These are not all the possible side effects of JARDIANCE. For more information, ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist.

Before you take JARDIANCE, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you have type 1 diabetes or have had diabetic ketoacidosis, have a decrease in your insulin dose, have a serious infection, have a history of infection of the vagina or penis, have a history of amputation, or have kidney or liver problems. Also tell your healthcare provider if you have a history of urinary tract infections or problems with urination. Tell your healthcare provider if you are on a low sodium (salt) diet because your healthcare provider may change your diet or dose. Tell your healthcare provider if you are going to have surgery because your healthcare provider may stop JARDIANCE before you have surgery. Talk to your healthcare provider if you are having surgery about when to stop taking JARDIANCE and when to start it again. Also tell your healthcare provider if you are eating less or there is a change in your diet; are dehydrated; have or have had problems with your pancreas, including pancreatitis or surgery on your pancreas; drink alcohol very often, or drink a lot of alcohol in the short term ("binge" drinking); have ever had an allergic

reaction to JARDIANCE; are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. JARDIANCE may harm your unborn baby. If you become pregnant while taking JARDIANCE, tell your healthcare provider as soon as possible. Tell your healthcare provider if you are breastfeeding or are planning to breastfeed. JARDIANCE may pass into your breast milk and may harm your baby. Do not breastfeed while taking JARDIANCE.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

Please see full Important Safety Information on pages 13-16, and accompanying <u>Prescribing Information</u>, including <u>Medication Guide</u>.



STARTED FAILURE JARDIANCE DOSING TIPS TIPS SUPPORT
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LEARN MORE, INCLUDING ABOUT ADDITIONAL SUPPORT RESOURCES, AT JARDIANCE.COM/ HEART-FAILURE

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

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